















Computational thinking makes people more assertive in problem-solving, as using sequencing helps save time on common tasks.



1) OBSERVE THE GRID IMAGE AND IDENTIFY THE POSITION OF THE CARS. THEN, COLOR THE CIRCLES WITH THE RESPECTIVE COLORS AND WRITE THE NUMBER ACCORDING TO EACH CAR'S LOCATION.

				
				
				
				
	1	2	3	4

 , 1 = 


 , 3 = 

 , 4 = 

 , 2 = 

Computational thinking makes people more assertive in problem-solving, as using sequencing helps save time on common tasks.

2) WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF YOU WERE INSIDE A MAZE WITH VARIOUS OBSTACLES AND ONLY ONE EXIT? IN THE IMAGE, THE OBSTACLES ARE REPRESENTED BY NUMBERS. FOLLOW THE ORDER FROM 1 TO 10 AND DRAW THE PATH TO THE EXIT WITH A PENCIL.

	1	5	8	2	
	2	9	4	10	
7	5	3	4	7	8
10	8	6	5	6	9
8	6	1	2	3	10
4	5	7	10	