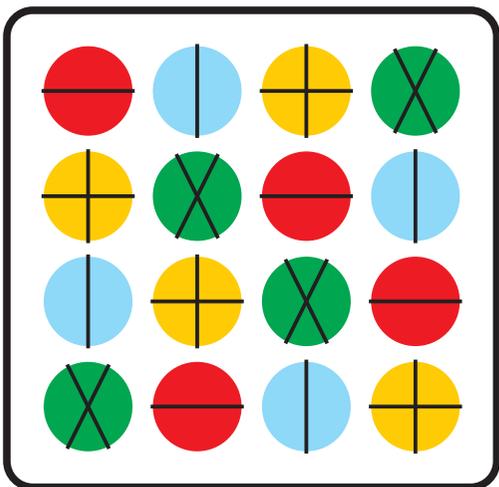


GRUPO 1 e 3

1)



2)



GRUPO 3

1)

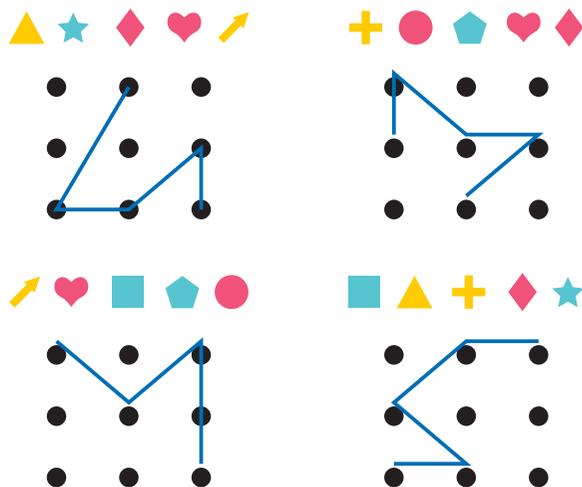
2C - 1A - 3B - 3A - 2B - 5C - 4B - 2D - 4D - 1D - 2A - 4C

O PENSAMENTO COMPUTACIONAL É UMA FORMA DE PENSAR E RESOLVER PROBLEMAS COMPLEXOS.

1B - 4B - 4A - 2B - 3C - 4B - 3D

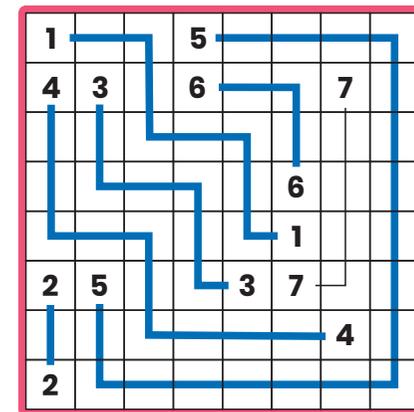
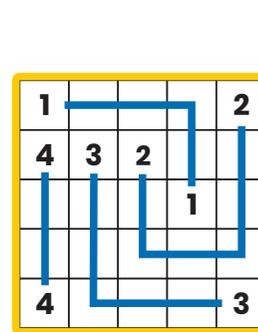
CHAMAMOS DE ALGORITMO UMA SEQUÊNCIA DE INSTRUÇÕES.

2)



GRUPO 4

1)



2)

